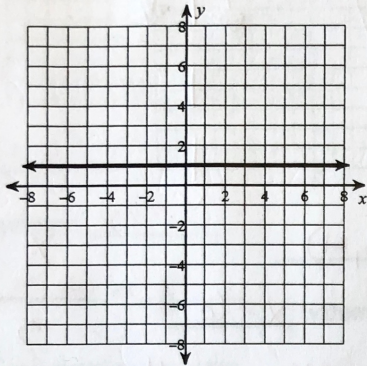
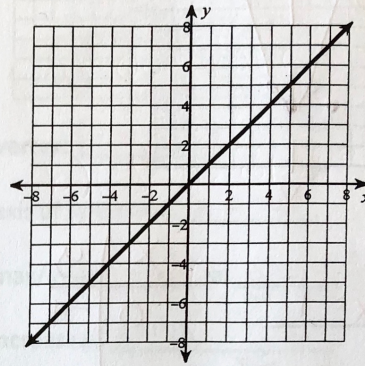
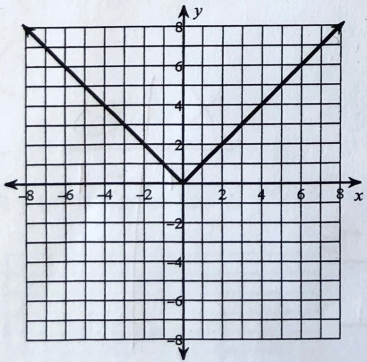
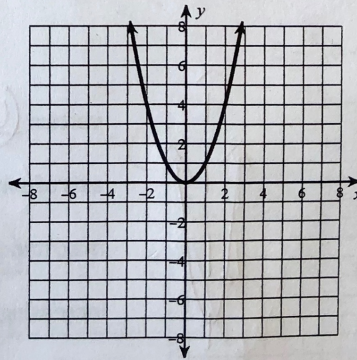
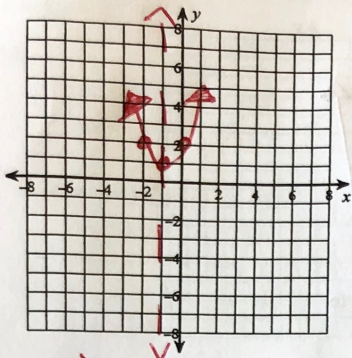


## Unit 1 Review

For each graph below, give the parent function name and equation.

1) name: CONSTANTequation:  $f(x) = 1$ 2) name: LINEARequation:  $f(x) = x$ 3) name: ABSOLUTE VALUEequation:  $f(x) = |x|$ 4) name: QUADRATICequation:  $f(x) = x^2$ 

8)  $f(x) = x^2 + 2x + 2$   $y$ -int



vertex:  $(-1, 1)$

axis of symmetry:  $x = -1$

max/min: MIN at  $y = 1$

increasing:  $x > -1$

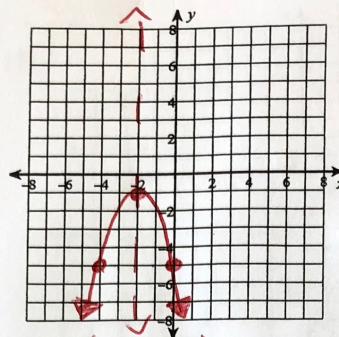
decreasing:  $x < -1$

$a = 1$   $b = 2$   $c = 2$

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-2}{2(1)} = \frac{-2}{2} = -1$$

$$y = (-1)^2 + 2(-1) + 2 = 1 - 2 + 2 = 1$$

9)  $f(x) = -x^2 - 4x - 5$   $y$ -int



vertex:  $(-2, -1)$

axis of symmetry:  $x = -2$

max/min: MAX at  $y = -1$

increasing:  $x < -2$

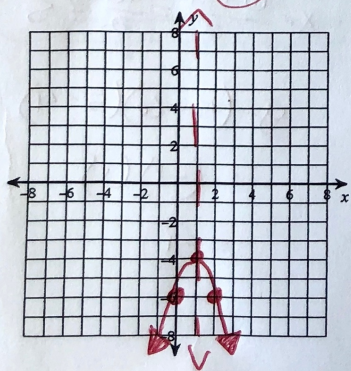
decreasing:  $x > -2$

$a = -1$   $b = -4$   $c = -5$

$$x = \frac{-(-4)}{2(-1)} = \frac{4}{-2} = -2$$

$$y = -(-2)^2 - 4(-2) - 5 = -(4) + 8 - 5 = -4 + 8 - 5 = 4 - 5 = -1$$

10)  $f(x) = -2x^2 + 4x - 6$   $y$ -int



vertex:  $(1, -4)$

axis of symmetry:  $x = 1$

max/min: MAX at  $y = -4$

increasing:  $x < 1$

decreasing:  $x > 1$

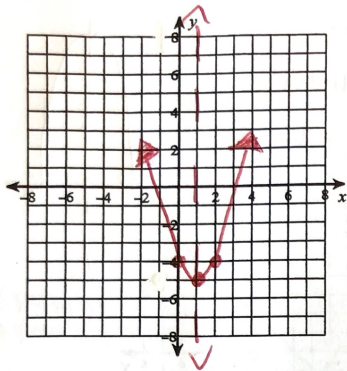
$a = -2$   $b = 4$   $c = -6$

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-4}{2(-2)} = \frac{-4}{-4} = 1$$

$$y = -2(1)^2 + 4(1) - 6 = -2(1) + 4 - 6 = -2 + 4 - 6 = 2 - 6 = -4$$

Identify the properties of each parabola. Then sketch the graph.

5)  $f(x) = (x - 1)^2 - 5$



vertex: (1, -5)

axis of symmetry: x = 1

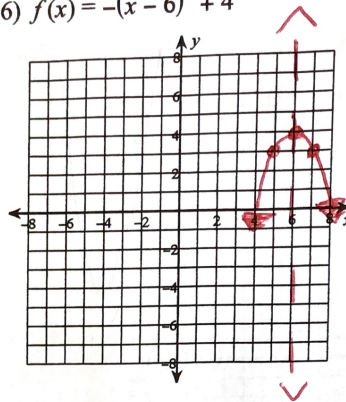
max/min: MIN at y = -5

increasing: x > 1

decreasing: x < 1

x	y
0	-4

6)  $f(x) = -(x - 6)^2 + 4$



vertex: (6, 4)

axis of symmetry: x = 6

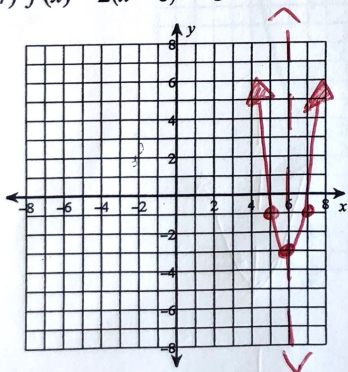
max/min: MAX at y = 4

increasing: x < 6

decreasing: x > 6

x	y
5	3

7)  $f(x) = 2(x - 6)^2 - 3$



vertex: (6, -3)

axis of symmetry: x = 6

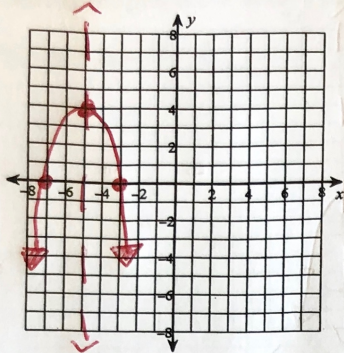
max/min: MIN at y = -3

increasing: x > 6

decreasing: x < 6

x	y
7	-1

11)  $f(x) = -(x+7)(x+3)$



vertex:  $(-5, 4)$

axis of symmetry:  $x = -5$

max/min: MAX at  $y = 4$

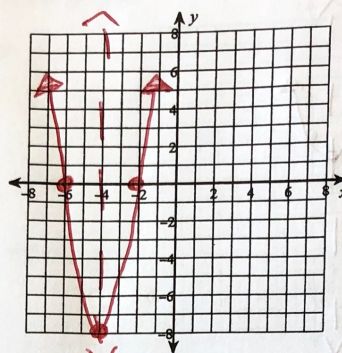
increasing:  $x < -5$

decreasing:  $x > -5$

$$x = \frac{-7 + -3}{2} = \frac{-10}{2} = (-5)$$

$$y = -(-5+7)(-5+3) \\ = -(2)(-2) \\ = (4)$$

12)  $f(x) = 2(x+6)(x+2)$



vertex:  $(-4, -8)$

axis of symmetry:  $x = -4$

max/min: MIN at  $y = -8$

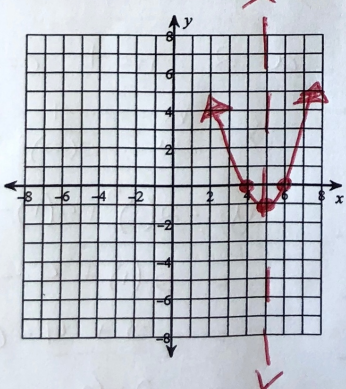
increasing:  $x > -4$

decreasing:  $x < -4$

$$x = \frac{-6 + -2}{2} = \frac{-8}{2} = (-4)$$

$$y = 2(-4+6)(-4+2) \\ = 2(2)(-2) \\ = 4(-2) \\ = (-8)$$

13)  $f(x) = (x-6)(x-4)$



vertex:  $(5, -1)$

axis of symmetry:  $x = 5$

max/min: MIN at  $y = -1$

increasing:  $x > 5$

decreasing:  $x < 5$

$$x = \frac{6 + 4}{2} = \frac{10}{2} = (5)$$

$$y = (5-6)(5-4) \\ = (-1)(1) \\ = (-1)$$