

## 10-1 &amp; 10-2 Practice

Find the exact value of each.

$$\begin{aligned} 1) \sin 195^\circ &= \sin(150^\circ + 45^\circ) \\ &= \sin 150 \cos 45 + \cos 150 \sin 45 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{4} \\ &= \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{6}}{4}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3) \cos 255^\circ &= \cos(225^\circ + 30^\circ) \\ &= \cos 225 \cos 30 - \sin 225 \sin 30 \\ &= -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \\ &= -\frac{\sqrt{6}}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} = \boxed{-\frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}}{4}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 5) \tan 105^\circ &= \tan(60^\circ + 45^\circ) \\ \frac{\tan 60 + \tan 45}{1 - \tan 60 \tan 45} &= \frac{\sqrt{3} + 1}{1 - (\sqrt{3} \cdot 1)} = \frac{\sqrt{3} + 1}{1 - \sqrt{3}} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3} + 1}{-\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{1 + \sqrt{3}}{1 + \sqrt{3}} &= \frac{\sqrt{3} + 3 + 1 + \sqrt{3}}{1 + \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{3} - 3} = \frac{4 + 2\sqrt{3}}{-2} = \boxed{-2 - \sqrt{3}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 7) \sin 138^\circ \cos 48^\circ - \cos 138^\circ \sin 48^\circ \\ &= \sin(138^\circ - 48^\circ) = \sin 90^\circ \\ &= \boxed{1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2) \sin \frac{11\pi}{12} &= \sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{12} + \frac{8\pi}{12}\right) = \left(\sin \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{2\pi}{3}\right) \\ &= \sin \frac{\pi}{4} \cos \frac{2\pi}{3} + \cos \frac{\pi}{4} \sin \frac{2\pi}{3} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ &= -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{4} = \boxed{-\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6}}{4}} \\ 4) \cos \frac{13\pi}{12} &= \cos\left(\frac{9\pi}{12} + \frac{4\pi}{12}\right) = \cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) \\ &= \cos \frac{3\pi}{4} \cos \frac{\pi}{3} - \sin \frac{3\pi}{4} \sin \frac{\pi}{3} \\ &= -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ &= -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{4} = \boxed{-\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6}}{4}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 6) \tan \frac{7\pi}{12} &= \tan\left(\frac{3\pi}{12} + \frac{4\pi}{12}\right) = \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) \\ &= \frac{\tan \frac{\pi}{4} + \tan \frac{\pi}{3}}{1 - \tan \frac{\pi}{4} \tan \frac{\pi}{3}} = \frac{1 + \sqrt{3}}{1 - 1 \cdot \sqrt{3}} \\ &= \frac{1 + \sqrt{3}}{1 - \sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{1 + \sqrt{3}}{1 + \sqrt{3}} = \frac{1 + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3} + 3}{1 + \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{3} - 3} \\ &= \frac{4 + 2\sqrt{3}}{-2} = \boxed{-2 - \sqrt{3}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 8) \sin \frac{13\pi}{18} \cos \frac{2\pi}{9} - \cos \frac{13\pi}{18} \sin \frac{2\pi}{9} \\ &= \sin\left(\frac{13\pi}{18} - \frac{2\pi}{9}\right) \\ &= \sin\left(\frac{13\pi}{18} - \frac{4\pi}{18}\right) \\ &= \sin \frac{9\pi}{18} \\ &= \sin \frac{\pi}{2} = \boxed{1} \end{aligned}$$

$$9) \cos 101^\circ \cos 41^\circ + \sin 101^\circ \sin 41^\circ$$

$$= \cos(101^\circ - 41^\circ)$$

$$= \cos 60^\circ$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$11) \frac{\tan 233^\circ - \tan 113^\circ}{1 + \tan 233^\circ \tan 113^\circ}$$

$$= \tan(233^\circ - 113^\circ)$$

$$= \tan 120^\circ$$

$$= \boxed{-\sqrt{3}}$$

Simplify.

$$13) \sin 6u \cos u + \cos 6u \sin u$$

$$= \sin(6u + u)$$

$$= \boxed{\sin(7u)}$$

$$15) \cos 6x \cos 6x - \sin 6x \sin 6x$$

$$= \cos(6x + 6x)$$

$$= \boxed{\cos(12x)}$$

$$17) \frac{\tan 6u - \tan u}{1 + \tan 6u \tan u}$$

$$= \tan(6u - u)$$

$$= \boxed{\tan(5u)}$$

$$10) \cos \frac{8\pi}{9} \cos \frac{7\pi}{18} + \sin \frac{8\pi}{9} \sin \frac{7\pi}{18}$$

$$= \cos\left(\frac{8\pi}{9} - \frac{7\pi}{18}\right)$$

$$= \cos\left(\frac{16\pi}{18} - \frac{7\pi}{18}\right)$$

$$= \cos\left(\frac{9\pi}{18}\right) = \cos \frac{\pi}{2} = \boxed{0}$$

$$12) \frac{\tan \frac{26\pi}{9} - \tan \frac{19\pi}{18}}{1 + \tan \frac{26\pi}{9} \tan \frac{19\pi}{18}}$$

$$= \tan\left(\frac{26\pi}{9} - \frac{19\pi}{18}\right)$$

$$= \tan\left(\frac{50\pi}{18} - \frac{19\pi}{18}\right)$$

$$= \tan \frac{33\pi}{18} = \tan\left(\frac{11\pi}{6}\right) = \boxed{-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}}$$

$$14) \sin -6\theta \cos 2\theta - \cos -6\theta \sin 2\theta$$

$$= \sin(-6\theta - 2\theta)$$

$$= \boxed{\sin(-8\theta)}$$

$$16) \cos 6u \cos -5u + \sin 6u \sin -5u$$

$$= \cos(6u - 5u)$$

$$= \boxed{\cos(11u)}$$

$$18) \frac{\tan u - \tan -5u}{1 + \tan u \tan -5u}$$

$$= \tan(u - -5u)$$

$$= \boxed{\tan(6u)}$$